

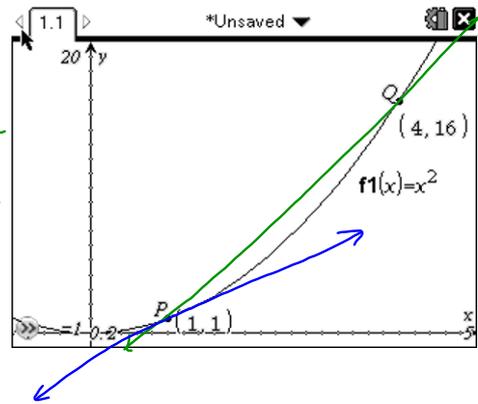
2.4 Slope of a Tangent Line Instantaneous Rate of Change

What is a secant line? What does the slope of the secant line represent?

- line intersecting 2 pts. on a curve
- avg. rate of change

What is a tangent line?
What does the slope of the tangent line represent?

- line intersecting a curve @ 1 pt.
- instantaneous rate of change slope @ a given pt.



Green Sheet #11

$$\lim_{(x_2 - x_1) \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \right)$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(1+h) - f(1)}{\cancel{1+h} - \cancel{1}}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(1+h) - f(1)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

Slope of a curve at $x = a$: $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$

provided the limit exists

Find the equation of the tangent line and the normal line to the parabola $y = x^2$ at $x = 2$.

(2, 4)

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h)^2 - (2)^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{4} + 4h + h^2 - \cancel{4}}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4h + h^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4 + h = 4$$

tangent line
pt. (2, 4)
 $m = 4$
 $y = 4(x-2) + 4$

normal line
pt. (2, 4)
slope = $-\frac{1}{4}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{4}(x-2) + 4$

- slope of parabola @ $x = 2$
- instantaneous rate of change @ $x = 2$
- velocity @ $x = 2$
- slope of the tangent line @ $x = 2$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 3x \quad x = 3$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - 3(3+h) - ((3)^2 - 3(3))}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{9} + 6h + h^2 - \cancel{9} - 3h - \cancel{9} + \cancel{9}}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3h + h^2}{h} = 3$$

homework: 2.4a and 9,10,12 on 2.4b

Sketch the graph:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 - x, & x < 2 \\ \frac{x}{2} + 1, & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

does the curve have a
tangent line at $x = 2$?

